

Labcom Hydr.IA: a joint Company-Academic laboratory to develop new flood forecasting services. Case Study on the Nîmes Flash-Floods (Southeastern France)

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Labcom Hydr.IA: a joint Company-Academic laboratory to develop new flood forecasting services Case Study on the Nîmes Flash-Floods (Southeaster France)

synapse











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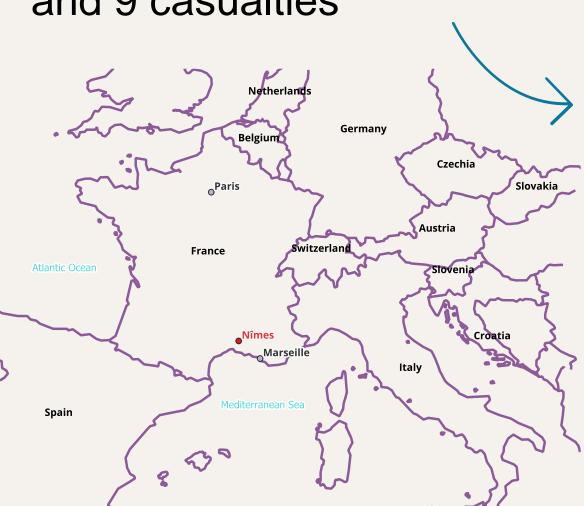


Flash-Floods in the city of Nîmes

- Mediterranean climate:
- intensity precipitation: e.g. in 1988 (1), > 420 mm in 8 hours
- High precipitation heterogeneities
- Small catchments (< 30 km²) with karst terrains
- City crossed by urban rivers (2)

 Flood with events response times of less than 1/2 hour

• Damages: e.g. In 1988 (1) billion euros worth of damages, 45,000 victims and 9 casualties





Despite the growing development of Al-related solutions in many complex fields, and the demonstration of their relevance to several hydro(geo)logical issues, there is a deficit in the transfer of these technologies to end-users.

Difficulty for research to \angle be directly confronted with operational real conditions

Limited confidence users have in solutions that are often perceived as opaque, and whose **operational** implementation is rare

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Example of a Neural

events observed in

Nîmes are used to

train and test the

Neural Network in

order to improve

flood forecasting in

Real-time forecasting Reduce impacts services

Demonstrate the efficiency of AI to endusers

Demonstration platform using digital twins

Adapt AI models for real-time forecasting services

New methodologies and **design** of Al models

Extend the forecasting horizon

Coupling Al modeling solutions with meteorological forecasts



Conceptual approach for flood forecasting

FOLLOW"

*Pla G, Crippa J, Djerboua A, Dobricean O, Dongar F, Eugene A, Raymond M. 2019. ESPADA: un outil pour la gestion en temps réel des crues éclairs urbaines en pleine modernisation. La

Hydrological data

monitoring solutions

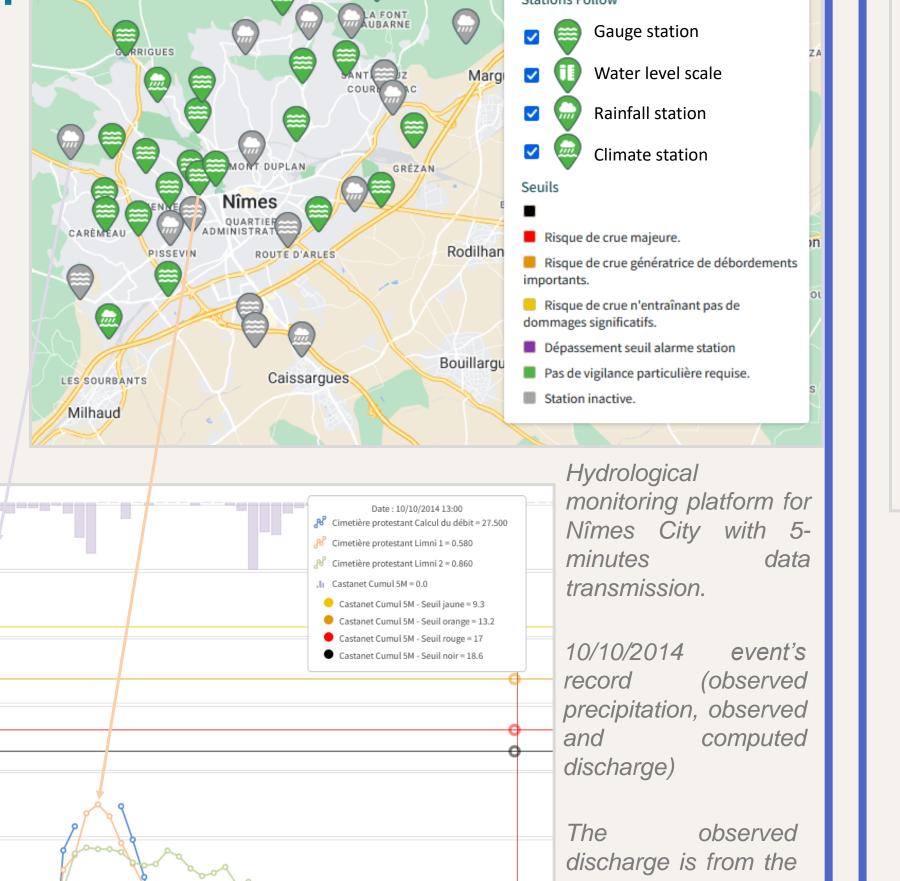
Physically based model*

- Input data: corrected radar rain (0,25 km², 5 min)
- flow Rain/water models for nonareas and urban urban areas
- Output: Continuous discharge forecast at max 1,5 hour lead

References:

https://www.follow.solutions/fr/

Houille Blanche 3-4: 57–66.



Multi Layer Perceptron Diagram representing a Multi Layers Perceptron

→ Universal approximation property More parsimonious than others statistical models

Ongoing studies

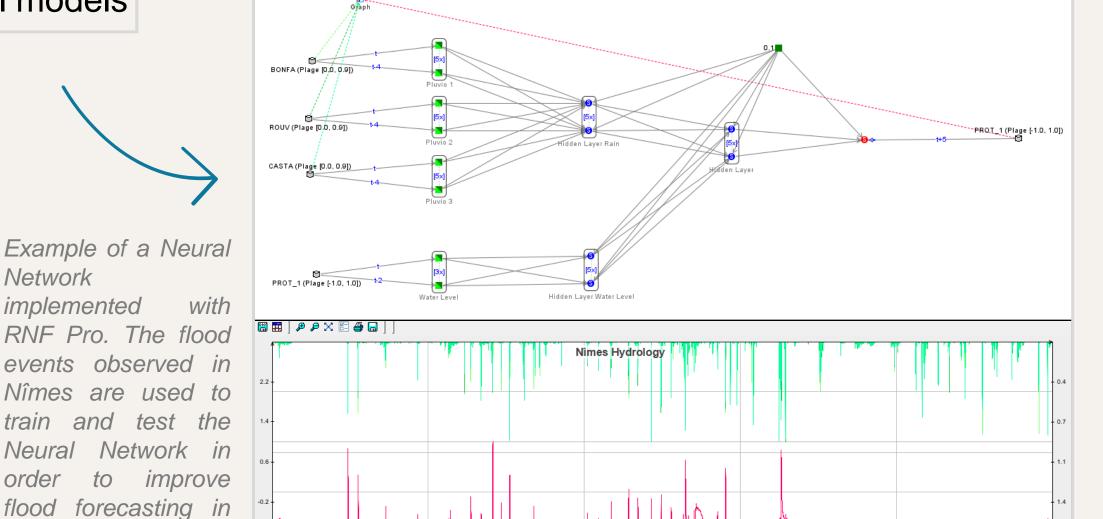
- "Digital hydrosystems for flood forecasting
- "Flood forecasting using artificial intelligence: increasing forecast horizon"
 - machine learning: streamline the use of AI for flood forecasting"

Al for flood forecasting

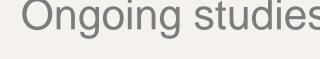
In hydrology, the studied systems are dynamic and non-linear.

Neural Networks are particularly appropriate for representing these complex natural systems.

RNF Pro ©2016 GEONOSIS A tool to implement Neural Networks



Hornik K, Stinchombe M, White H (1989) Multilayer feedforward networks are universal approximators. Neural Netw Barron AR (1993) Approximation bounds for superpositions of a sigmoidal function. Proceedings, San Antonio, TX USA, 17-22 January 1993. 930-945.



- using neural network models"
- "Modeling of hydrosystems by